

# Background

# Mandatory<sup>1</sup> Medicaid Benefits

- Inpatient hospital (excluding inpatient hospital services for mental illness)
- Outpatient hospital including Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHC), and if state law permits, Rural Health Clinics
- Physician
- Nurse Midwife
- Laboratory and x-ray
- Certified Pediatric and Family Nurse Practitioner, if state law permits
- Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment (EPSDT) for individuals under age 21
- Family planning services and supplies
- Pregnancy-related services
- Postpartum pregnancy related services (60 days)
- Nursing facility services for those 21 and older
- Home health for those entitled to Medicaid Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) services under state plan: intermittent or part-time nursing services by home health agency or registered nurse when there is no home health agency, home health aides, medical supplies and appliances for use in the home
- Medical supplies and surgical services of a dentist

**Certain  
Medicaid  
benefits are  
required to  
be provided  
by states**

Note: (1) Under the Social Security Act (Section 1905(a)), the above services are required to be provided by states. (2) Medicaid eligibility groups classified as “categorically needy” are entitled to the above services unless waived under Section 1115 of the Medicaid law. (3) When the “medically needy” are included in a state’s Medicaid plan, states must provide at least the following services: prenatal and delivery, postpartum pregnancy for persons under age 18 who are entitled to institutional and ambulatory services, home health for those entitled to nursing facility services, and specific services for persons in institutions for mental disease and or ICF/MR (if included as medically needy). (4) The service list above does not apply to the SCHIP program.

Modified from: Program Information on Medicaid & State Children’s Health Insurance Program, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of Research, Development, & Information, 2004 Edition.

# Number of States<sup>1</sup> Providing Optional<sup>2</sup> Medicaid Benefits

Optional Medicaid Benefit <sup>1</sup>	Number of States Providing Benefit <sup>2</sup>	Optional Medicaid Benefit <sup>1</sup>	Number of States Providing Benefit <sup>2</sup>
Intermediate Care Facility for people who are developmentally disabled (ICF/MR)	51	Inpatient hospital care for 65 and older in IMD	43
Optometrists	51	Nursing facility for those over 65 for Mental Disease (IMD)	43
Prescribed drugs	51	Speech, hearing and language disorder therapy	43
Prosthetic devices	51	Dentures	38
Home health physical therapy services	50	Occupational therapy	38
Nursing facility for those under age 21	50	Emergency hospital care in non-Medicare participating facilities	37
Physician-directed clinical services	50	Personal care	36
Targeted case management	50	Diagnostic services	35
Home health occupational therapy	49	Preventive services	35
Home health speech/language services	49	Chiropractors	32
Transportation	48	Psychologists	32
Dental services	47	Screening services	32
Eyeglasses	47	Private duty nursing	29
Podiatrists	47	Nurse anesthetists	28
Home health audiology services	45	Primary care	22
Hospice care	45	Critical Access Hospital	21
Inpatient psychiatric for under age 21	44	All inclusive care for the elderly (PACE) <sup>3</sup>	18
Mental health rehabilitation / stabilization	44	Respiratory care for ventilator dependent	15
Physical therapy	44	Care at a religious, non-medical health care institution	13

Note: (1) The 50 states and the District of Columbia are included. (2) The above are optional services states have elected to include under state plans and managed care waivers as of November 2002. (3) Updated figure as of March 2003. (4) No SCHIP program services or additional non-plan services through waivers or managed care entities are included.

Modified from: Program Information on Medicaid & State Children's Health Insurance Program, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of Research, Development, & Information, 2004 Edition.

**Some states  
provide  
optional  
Medicaid  
benefits**

# FY2004 Medicaid Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) Rates

50.00%-----60.22%-----77.08%

Lowest FMAP Rate

Median FMAP Rate

Highest FMAP Rate

50%	51%-59%	61%-69%	70% and Greater
13 States	12 States	14 States	12 States
California Colorado Connecticut Delaware Illinois Maryland Massachusetts Minnesota New Hampshire New Jersey New York Virginia Washington	Alaska Florida Georgia Hawaii Michigan Nebraska Nevada Ohio Pennsylvania Rhode Island Wisconsin Wyoming	Arizona Indiana Iowa Kansas Maine Missouri <b>(61%)</b> North Carolina North Dakota Oregon South Carolina South Dakota Tennessee Texas Vermont	Alabama Arkansas Dist. Of Columbia Kentucky Idaho Louisiana Mississippi Montana New Mexico Oklahoma Utah West Virginia

The states and the Federal governments finance Medicaid, Missouri's Federal Medical Assistance Percentage rate was approximately the national median

Note: (1) Mississippi has the highest FMAP rate. (2) Under Section 1905(b) of the Social Security Act a State's Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) is calculated based on a state's per capita income and cannot be less than 50 percent nor exceed 83%. All U.S. Territories (e.g., Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands) have a 50 percent FMAP.

Modified from: Program Information on Medicaid & State Children's Health Insurance Program, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of Research, Development, & Information, 2004 Edition.

# FY2004 SCHIP Enhanced<sup>1</sup> Federal Medical Assistance Percentage Rates

65.00%-----72.15%-----83.96%

Lowest FMAP Rate

Median FMAP Rate

Highest FMAP Rate

65%-70%	71%-75%	76%-80%	81% and Greater
19 States	16 States	11 States	5 States
Alaska California Colorado Connecticut Delaware Illinois Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Nevada New Hampshire New Jersey New York Pennsylvania Rhode Island Virginia Washington Wisconsin	Florida Georgia Hawaii Indiana Iowa Kansas Missouri (73%) Nebraska North Carolina Ohio Oregon South Dakota Tennessee Texas Vermont Wyoming	Alabama Arizona Dist. Of Columbia Idaho Kentucky Louisiana Maine North Dakota Oklahoma South Carolina Utah	Arkansas Mississippi Montana New Mexico West Virginia

Missouri's  
Enhanced  
Federal  
Medical  
Assistance  
Percentage  
rate was  
approximately  
the same as  
the national  
median

Note: (1) Enhanced Federal Medicaid Assistance Percentage rates are for everyone covered through SCHIP such as parents of SCHIP and Medicaid children, pregnant women, and other adults through demonstration authority under Section 1115 of the Social Security Act. (2) Mississippi has the highest EFMAP rate. (3) All U.S. Territories (e.g., Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, Guam, Northern Mariana Islands) have a 65 percent EFMAP.

Modified from: Program Information on Medicaid & State Children's Health Insurance Program, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Office of Research, Development, & Information, 2004 Edition.